Greek Readings
Series A, Sunday of the Passion
Matthew 26:1–27:66; Matthew 27:11–66

# John 12:20-43

## • Verse 20 – 26

0	<ul> <li>Look up Ἑλληνές in BDAG (318). To whom might this noun refer? (cf. 7:35; 14:1; 17:4; 18:4)</li> <li>How is this reiterated by ἵνα προσκυνή</li> </ul>			
	(cf. Ridderbos, <i>The Gospel of John</i> , 427)			
0	T 1			
0	Translate τῷ ἀπὸ Βηθσαϊδὰ τῆς Γαλιλαίας (21)			
· ·	What is the significance of this detail in reference to Ἑλληνές in v20 and ἀνδρέα in v22? (cf. In 1:44: TDNT)			
0	Parse ἰδεῖν (21) What is the theological significance of this verb? (cf. Jn 3:3; 4:29, 48; 7:52; 20:27; Lk 9:9)			
0	Parse δοξασθῆ (23) To what actions has this verb previously referred? (cf. Jn 1:14; 2:11; 11:4) Why is the subjunctive used here?			
0	Translate ἀμὴν ἀμὴν λέγω ὑμῖν (24) How do other uses of			
	this phrase in John elaborate its use here? (cf. 3:3, 5; 5:24, 25; 8:34; 10:1, 13:16; 16:20)			
0	Parse ἀποθάνη (24) Note the use of ἐὰν μὴ. What is the verb in the apodosis? What type of conditional is this? (cf. Voelz 270)			
0	Parse ἀπολλύει (25) What implication does the tense have for			
	Parse ἀπολλύει (25) What implication does the tense have for the activity of the verb? (cf. tense of φυλάξει)			
0	Parse διακονῆ (26); ἀκολουθείτω (26)			
	Of what type of conditional sentence are these verbs a part? (cf. Voelz 270)			
	How does this compare to v26b, using τιμήσει?			
	27 – 33			
0	Parse τετάρακται (27) What does the tense reveal about the time			
	frame of this verb's action? (cf. Voelz 172)			
0	Translate πάτερ, σῶσόν με ἐκ τῆς ὥρας ταύτης; (27)			
	How might this question be functioning? (cf. Ps 6:3,4; Mk 14:35)			
	What does the use of the conjunction ἀλλὰ indicate? (cf. Jn 7:12)			
0	Translate πάτερ, δόξασόν σου τὸ ὄνομα. (28)  Το what,			
	Translate πάτερ, δόξασόν σου τὸ ὄνομα. (28) To what, in John, might the phrase, σου τὸ ὄνομα, refer? (cf. 1:12; 2:23; 17:11, 12; 20:31)			
0	Parse ἐδόξασα (28) To what might this past tense verb refer? (cf. Jn 1:14; but also Mt 3:17; 17:5; Mk 1:11; 9:7; Lk 3:22; 9:35; 2 Pe 1:17)			
0	Parse δοξάσω (28) To what event does this refer? (cf. v32; 18:37)			
0	Parse ελενεν (20) : νενονέναι What type of			
O	Parse ἔλεγεν (29) ; γεγονέναι What type of construction do these verbs form? (cf. Voelz 177, 284)			
0	Construction do these verbs form? (cf. Voelz 1//, 284)  Translate οὐ δι' ἐμὲ ἡ φωνὴ αὕτη γέγονεν ἀλλὰ δι' ὑμᾶς (30)			
0	Does this statement exclude the significance of the voice for Jesus' benefit? (cf. Jn			
	11·42· also Ac 0·7· 22·0)			
0	What part of speech is võv? (31) (cf. Voelz 63) What does			
	its repetition indicate? (cf. In 16:5)			
_	its repetition indicate? (cf. Jn 16:5) To whom does this title refer?			
0	(of In 14.20, 16.11, En 2.2, also Mt 0.24, 12.24, Mt 2.22, I I, 11.15)			
	(cf. Jn 14:30; 16:11; Ep 2:2; also Mt 9:34; 12:24; Mk 3:22; Lk 11:15)			

	Parse ὑψωθῶ (32)	; έλκύσω	Of what type	
	of construction are these verbs a	part? (cf. Voelz 199)	How do	
	previous uses of this phrase elaborate			
	D / (22)			
	v18; ὁ κόσμος v19; Έλληνές v20	; also ὅλου τοῦ κόσμου	in 1 Jn 2:2)	
	7 (22)	How is this partic	ciple functioning?	
	How do other uses of σημαίνω in	n John inform its use he	ere? (cf. 18:32; 21:19; BDAG)	
Vers	se 34 – 36			
	1 1		To what does	
	τοῦ νόμου most likely refer? (cf Da 7:14; BDAG)	Jn 10:34; 15:25; also Ps	89:36; 110:4; Is 9:7; Ez 37:25;	
	Το what term in John is ὁ χριστὸς	(34) synonymous? (cf.	1:41; 4:25)	
	31			
	concerning the crowd? (cf. v23; .	Jn 3:14; 8:28)	How is this	
	reinforced through their expression	on, δεῖ ὑψωθῆναι? (cf. 3	3:14 [Gk])	
	P ~ (2.5)	What is this verb'	s force? (cf. Voelz 219)	
	2 (2 = )	How does the	e previous use of καταλαμβάνω	
	(1:5) inform its use here? (cf. Jn 1:10–12; 3:19)			
	D (26)	What does this	verb recall concerning τὸ φῶς?	
	(cf. Jn 8:12; 9:5)	How is the force of the	nis verb juxtaposed to the force	
	of γένησθε? (cf. Voelz 219, 67, N			
	Parse ἐκρύβη (36b)	Note its previous	usage (Jn 8:59)	
Vers	se 37 – 43			
	Parse ἐπίστευον (37) What is this verb's aspect? (cf. Voelz 70)			
C	Note the first use of $\tilde{i}v\alpha \pi\lambda\eta\rho\omega\theta\tilde{\eta}$ in John. How do its later uses (13:18; 15:25; 17:12 19:24, 36) inform its use here?			
	Translate οὐκ ἠδύναντο πιστεύει	v (39)	What type of characterization	
	does this make of the hearers? (cf	£ Jn 5:44; 6:44, 45; 8:43	3)	
	does this make of the hearers? (cf Parse τετύφλωκεν (40)	; ἐπώρωσεν	How does the voice	
	of these verbs reinforce the implication of v39? (cf. Is 6:10 [LXX]; Mt 13:15; FC SD			
	XI 78)			
	Parse αὐτοῦ (41)	To whom does thi	s refer? (cf. Is 6:1; Jn 1:14, 18;	
	5:46)			
	Translate ὅμως μέντοι (42)		To what is this construction	
	juxtaposed? (cf. v37)			
	D ' (40)	To what do	oes this word refer? (cf. Jn 7:13:	
	9:32, 33; 16:22; BDAG)			
C	Translate ἠγάπησαν γὰρ τὴν δόξ	ζαν τῶν ἀνθρώπων μᾶλ	ιλον ἤπερ τὴν δόξαν τοῦ θεοῦ	
	(43)			
	What does this indicate concerning	ng ἐπίστευσαν εἰς αὐτόν	v in v42? (cf. Jn 2:23, 24)	

**Integration of Meaning**Provide a sermon title and two or three supporting points.